

COMPUTER MATCHING AND PRIVACY PROTECTION ACT AGREEMENT
BETWEEN
THE SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION
AND
THE [NAME OF TRIBAL ENTITY]

I. Purpose and Legal Authority

A. Purpose

This Computer Matching and Privacy Protection Act (CMPPA) Agreement (Agreement) between the Social Security Administration (SSA) and the **[NAME OF TRIBAL ENTITY]** (Tribal Entity) sets forth the terms and conditions governing disclosures of records, information, or data (collectively referred to herein as “data”) made by SSA to the Tribal Entity that administers federally funded benefit programs, including those under various provisions of the Social Security Act (Act), such as the programs covered by section 1137 of the Act (42 U.S.C. § 1320b-7(b)). The terms and conditions of this Agreement ensure that SSA makes such disclosures of data, and the Tribal Entity uses such disclosed data, in accordance with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended by the CMPPA of 1988, 5 U.S.C. § 552a.

To assist the Tribal Entity in determining entitlement to, and eligibility for, benefits under those programs, as well as other federally funded benefit programs, SSA verifies the Social Security number (SSN) and discloses certain data from SSA Privacy Act Systems of Records (SOR) about applicants (and in limited circumstances, members of an applicant’s household) for tribal-administered benefits.

The Tribal Entity qualifies as an “Indian tribe” as defined at section 4 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act (25 U.S.C. § 1603(14)) or a “tribal organization” as defined in the Self Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. § 5304(1)).

B. Legal Authority

SSA’s authority to disclose data to the Tribal Entity from SSA SORs for the specified purposes is:

- Sections 453 and 1106(b) of the Act (42 U.S.C. §§ 653, 1306(b), and 1320b-7) (income and eligibility verification data);

- Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-458, § 7213(a)(2) (death data);
- Section 1902(ee) of the Act (42 U.S.C. § 1396a(ee)); Children’s Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009 (CHIPRA), Pub. L. 111-3 (citizenship data); and
- Routine use exception to the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552a(b)(3) and SSA’s compatibility regulation, 20 C.F.R. § 401.150 (data necessary to administer other programs compatible with SSA programs).

This Agreement further carries out section 1106(a) of the Act (42 U.S.C. § 1306), the regulations promulgated pursuant to that section (20 C.F.R. Part 401), the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. § 552a), as amended by the CMPPA, related Office of Management and Budget (OMB) guidelines, the Federal Information Security Modernization Act (FISMA) of 2014 (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35); and related National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) guidelines, which provide the requirements that the Tribal Entity must follow with regard to use, treatment, and safeguarding of data.

II. Scope

- A. The Tribal Entity will comply with the terms and conditions of this Agreement and the Privacy Act, as amended by the CMPPA.
- B. The Tribal Entity will execute an Information Exchange Agreement (IEA) with SSA, documenting additional terms and conditions applicable to those specific data exchanges, including the data protection requirements, the particular benefit programs administered by the Tribal Entity, and the data elements that will be disclosed to assist the Tribal Entity in the administration of those programs.
- C. The Tribal Entity will use the SSA data governed by this Agreement to determine entitlement and eligibility of individuals for one or more of the following programs, which are specifically identified in the IEA:
 1. Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) program under Part A of Title IV of the Act;
 2. Medicaid provided under an approved State plan or an approved waiver under Title XIX of the Act;
 3. State Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP) under Title XXI of the Act;
 4. Supplemental Nutritional Assistance Program (SNAP) under the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. § 2011, et seq.);

5. Women, Infants and Children Program (WIC) under the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. § 1771, et seq.);
 6. Medicare Savings Programs (MSP) under 42 U.S.C. § 1396a(a)(10)(E);
 7. Unemployment Compensation programs provided under a state law described in section 3304 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954;
 8. Low Income Heating and Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP or home energy grants) under 42 U.S.C. § 8621;
 9. Programs under a plan approved under Titles I, X, XIV, or XVI of the Act;
 10. Foster Care and Adoption Assistance under Title IV of the Act;
 11. Child Support Enforcement programs under section 453 of the Act (42 U.S.C. § 653);
 12. Other applicable federally funded programs administered by the Tribal Entity under Titles I, IV, X, XIV, XVI, XVIII, XIX, XX, and XXI of the Act; and
 13. Any other federally funded programs administered by the Tribal Entity that are compatible with SSA's programs.
- D. The Tribal Entity will ensure that SSA data disclosed for the specific purpose of administering a particular federally funded benefit program is used only to administer that program.

III. Justification and Expected Results

A. Justification

This Agreement and related data exchanges with the Tribal Entity are necessary for SSA to assist the Tribal Entity in its administration of federally funded benefit programs by providing the data required to accurately determine entitlement and eligibility of individuals for benefits provided under these programs. SSA uses computer technology to transfer the data because it is more economical, efficient, and faster than using manual processes.

B. Expected Results

The Tribal Entity will use the data provided by SSA to improve public service and program efficiency and integrity. The use of SSA data expedites the application process and ensures that benefits are awarded only to applicants that satisfy the Tribal Entity's program criteria. A cost-benefit analysis for the exchange made under this Agreement is not required in accordance with the determination by the SSA Data Integrity Board (DIB) to waive such analysis pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 552a(u)(4)(B).

IV. Record Description

A. Systems of Records (SOR)

SSA SORs used for purposes of the subject data exchanges include:

- 60-0058 -- Master Files of SSN Holders and SSN Applications;
- 60-0090 -- Master Beneficiary Record;
- 60-0103 -- Supplemental Security Income Record (SSR) and Special Veterans Benefits (SVB);
- 60-0269 -- Prisoner Update Processing System (PUPS); and
- 60-0321 -- Medicare Database (MDB) File.

B. Data Elements

Data elements disclosed in computer matching governed by this Agreement are Personally Identifiable Information (PII) from specified SSA SORs, including names, SSNs, addresses, amounts, and other information related to SSA benefits and earnings information. Specific listings of data elements are available at:

<http://www.ssa.gov/dataexchange/>

C. Number of Records Involved

The maximum number of records involved in this matching activity is the number of records maintained in SSA's SORs listed above in Section IV.A.

V. Notice and Opportunity to Contest Procedures

A. Notice to Applicants

The Tribal Entity will notify all individuals who apply for federally funded, Tribal-administered benefits that any data they provide are subject to verification through computer matching with SSA. The Tribal Entity and SSA will provide such notice through appropriate language printed on application forms or separate handouts.

B. Notice to Beneficiaries/Recipients/Annuitants

The Tribal Entity will provide notice to beneficiaries, recipients, and annuitants under the programs covered by this Agreement informing them of ongoing

computer matching with SSA. SSA will provide such notice through publication in the Federal Register and periodic mailings to all beneficiaries, recipients, and annuitants describing SSA's matching activities.

C. Opportunity to Contest

The Tribal Entity will not terminate, suspend, reduce, deny, or take other adverse action against an applicant for or recipient of federally funded, Tribal-administered benefits based on data disclosed by SSA under this Agreement until the individual is notified in writing of the potential adverse action and provided an opportunity to contest the planned action. "Adverse action" means any action that results in a termination, suspension, reduction, or final denial of eligibility, payment, or benefit. Such notices will:

1. Inform the individual of the match findings and the opportunity to contest these findings;
2. Give the individual until the expiration of any time period established for the relevant program by a statute or regulation for the individual to respond to the notice. If no such time period is established by a statute or regulation for the program, a 30-day period will be provided. The time period begins on the date on which notice is mailed or otherwise provided to the individual to respond; and
3. Clearly state that, unless the individual responds to the notice in the required time period, the Tribal Entity will conclude that the SSA data are correct and will effectuate the planned action or otherwise make the necessary adjustment to the individual's benefit or entitlement.

VI. Records Accuracy Assessment and Verification Procedures

Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 552a(p)(1)(A)(ii), SSA's DIB has determined that the Tribal Entity may use SSA's benefit data without independent verification. SSA has independently assessed the accuracy of its benefits data to be more than 99 percent accurate when the benefit record is created. This exception is only applicable to SSA benefit data. The Tribal Entity must still provide the individual notice and opportunity to contest as specified in Section V.

The SSA Master Files of SSN Holders and SSN Applications System (SOR 60-0058) used for SSN matching is 100 percent accurate based on SSA's Office of Analytics, Review, and Oversight (FY 2018 Enumeration Accuracy Review Report, April, 2019).

Prisoner and death data, some of which is not independently verified by SSA, does not have the same degree of accuracy as SSA's benefit data. Therefore, the Tribal Entity must independently verify these data through applicable verification procedures and follow the notice and opportunity to contest procedures specified in Section V of this Agreement before taking any adverse action against any individual.

Individuals applying for SSNs report their citizenship status at the time they apply for their SSNs. There is no obligation for an individual to report to SSA a change in their immigration status until they file for a Social Security benefit. The Tribal Entity must independently verify citizenship data through applicable verification procedures and follow the notice and opportunity to contest procedures specified in Section V of this Agreement before taking any adverse action against any individual.

VII. Disposition and Records Retention of Matched Items

- A. The Tribal Entity will retain all data received from SSA to administer programs governed by this Agreement only for the required processing times for the applicable federally funded benefit programs and will then destroy all such data.
- B. The Tribal Entity may retain SSA data in hardcopy to meet evidentiary requirements, provided that they retire such data in accordance with applicable state laws governing the Tribal Entity's retention of records.
- C. The Tribal Entity may use any accretions, deletions, or changes to the SSA data governed by this Agreement to update their master files of federally funded, Tribal-administered benefit program applicants and recipients and retain such master files in accordance with applicable state laws governing the Tribal Entity's retention of records.
- D. The Tribal Entity may not create separate files or records comprised solely of the data provided by SSA to administer programs governed by this Agreement. The Tribal Entity will delete the outgoing files from SSA as soon as the Tribal Entity has incorporated the responsive information into the Tribal Entity system.
- E. SSA will delete electronic data input files received from the Tribal Entity after it processes the applicable match. SSA will retire its data in accordance with the Federal Records Retention Schedule (44 U.S.C. § 3303a).

VIII. Security Procedures

SSA and the Tribal Entity will comply with the security and safeguarding requirements of the Privacy Act, as amended by the CMPPA, related OMB guidelines, FISMA, and related NIST guidelines. In addition, SSA and the Tribal

Entity will have in place administrative, technical, and physical safeguards for the matched data and results of such matches. Additional administrative, technical, and physical security requirements governing all data SSA provides electronically to the Tribal Entity, including SSA's *Electronic Information Exchange Security Requirements and Procedures for State and Local Agencies Exchanging Electronic Information with SSA*, as well as specific guidance on safeguarding and reporting responsibilities for PII, are set forth in the IEAs.

SSA has the right to monitor the Tribal Entity's compliance with FISMA, the terms of this Agreement, and the IEA, and to make onsite inspections of the Tribal Entity for purposes of auditing compliance, if necessary, during the lifetime of this Agreement or of any extension of this Agreement. This right includes onsite inspection of any entity that receives SSA data from the Tribal Entity under the terms of this Agreement, if SSA determines it is necessary.

IX. Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI) Requirements

Pursuant to 32 C.F.R. § 2002.16(a)(6), the Tribal Entity must handle any CUI in accordance with Executive Order 13556, 32 C.F.R. Part 2002, and the CUI Registry. The Tribal Entity acknowledges that misuse of CUI is subject to penalties established in applicable law, regulations, or Government-wide policies. The Tribal Entity will report any non-compliance with handling requirements to SSA using methods approved by SSA.

X. Records Usage, Duplication, and Redisclosure Restrictions

- A. The Tribal Entity will use and access SSA data and the records created using that data only for the purpose of verifying eligibility for the specific federally funded benefit programs identified in the IEA.
- B. The Tribal Entity will comply with the following limitations on use, duplication, and redisclosure of SSA data:
 1. The Tribal Entity will not use or redisclose the data disclosed by SSA for any purpose other than to determine eligibility for, or the amount of, benefits under the Tribe-administered income/health maintenance programs identified in the IEA.
 2. The Tribal Entity will not extract information concerning individuals who are neither applicants for, nor recipients of, benefits under the Tribe-administered income/health maintenance programs identified in the IEA. In limited circumstances that are approved by SSA, the Tribal Entity may extract information about an individual other than the applicant/recipient when the applicant/recipient has provided identifying information about the individual and the individual's income or resources affect the applicant's/recipient's eligibility for such program.

3. The Tribal Entity will not disclose to an applicant/recipient information about another individual (i.e., an applicant's household member) without the written consent from the individual to whom the information pertains.
4. The Tribal Entity will use the citizenship status data disclosed by SSA only to determine entitlement of new applicants to: (a) the Medicaid program and CHIP pursuant to CHIPRA, Pub. L. 111-3; or (b) federally funded, Tribe-administered health or income maintenance programs approved by SSA. The Tribal Entity will further comply with additional terms and conditions regarding use of citizenship data, as set forth in the Tribal Entity's IEA.
5. The Tribal Entity will use the State Data Exchange (SDX) file disclosed by SSA only for purposes of administering: (a) the Medicaid program; or (b) other Tribe-administered health or income maintenance programs that justify the need for information concerning all Supplemental Security Income recipients in that state, if sufficiently documented by the Tribal Entity and approved by SSA.
6. If the Tribal Entity experiences an incident or a suspected or confirmed breach of SSA data, the Tribal Entity will report the incident or the suspected or confirmed breach as required in the IEA. An incident means an occurrence that (1) actually or imminently jeopardizes, without lawful authority, the integrity, confidentiality, or availability of information or an information system; or (2) constitutes a violation or imminent threat of violation of law, security policies, security procedures, or acceptable use policies (44 U.S.C. § 3552(b)(2)). A breach means the loss of control, compromise, unauthorized disclosure, unauthorized, acquisition, or any similar occurrence where (1) a person other than an authorized user accesses or potentially accesses PII; or (2) an authorized user accesses or potentially accesses PII for an other than authorized purpose (OMB M-17-12).
7. The Tribal Entity will restrict access to the data disclosed by SSA to only those authorized Tribal Entity employees, contractors, and agents who need such data to perform their official duties in connection with the purposes identified in this Agreement.
8. The Tribal Entity will enter into a written agreement with each of its contractors and agents who need SSA data to perform their official duties whereby such contractor or agent agrees to abide by all relevant Federal laws, restrictions on access, use, and disclosure, and security requirements in this Agreement. The Tribal Entity will provide its contractors and agents with copies of this Agreement, related IEAs, and all related attachments before initial disclosure of SSA data to such contractors and agents. Prior to signing this Agreement, and thereafter at SSA's request, the Tribal Entity will obtain from its contractors and agents a current list of the employees of such contractors and agents with access to SSA data and provide such lists to SSA.

9. If the Tribal Entity is authorized or required – pursuant to an applicable law, regulation, or intra-governmental documentation – to provide SSA data to a State or local government entity for the administration of the federally funded, Tribe-administered programs covered by this Agreement and the IEA, the Tribal Entity must ensure that the State or local government entity, including its employees and contractors, abides by all relevant Federal laws, restrictions on access, use, and disclosure, and security requirements in this Agreement and the IEA. At SSA’s request, the Tribal Entity will provide copies of any applicable law, regulation, or intra-governmental documentation that authorizes the intra-governmental relationship with the State or local government entity. Upon request from SSA, the Tribal Entity will also establish how it ensures that the State or local government entity complies with the terms of this Agreement and the IEA.
 10. The Tribal Entity’s employees, contractors, and agents who access, use, or disclose SSA data in a manner or purpose not authorized by this Agreement may be subject to civil and criminal sanctions pursuant to applicable Federal statutes.
 11. The Tribal Entity will conduct triennial compliance reviews of its contractor(s) and agent(s) no later than three years after the initial approval of the security certification to SSA. The Tribal Entity will share documentation of its recurring compliance reviews of its contractor(s) and agent(s) with SSA. The Tribal Entity will provide documentation to SSA during its scheduled compliance and certification reviews or upon request.
- C. The Tribal Entity will not duplicate in a separate file or disseminate, without prior written permission from SSA, the data governed by this Agreement for any purpose other than to determine entitlement to, or eligibility for, the federally funded benefit programs specified in the IEA that accompanies this Agreement. The Tribal Entity proposing the redisclosure must specify in writing to SSA what data are being disclosed, to whom, and the reasons that justify the redisclosure. SSA will not give permission for such redisclosure unless the redisclosure is required by law or essential to the conduct of the matching program and authorized under a routine use. To the extent SSA approves the requested redisclosure, the Tribal Entity will ensure that any entity receiving the redisclosed data will comply with the procedures and limitations on use, duplication, and redisclosure of SSA data, as well as all administrative, technical, and physical security requirements governing all data SSA provides electronically to the Tribal Entity including specific guidance on safeguarding and reporting responsibilities for PII, as set forth in this Agreement and the accompanying IEA.

XI. Comptroller General Access

The Government Accountability Office (Comptroller General) may have access to all records of the Tribal Entity that the Comptroller General deems necessary to monitor or verify compliance with this Agreement in accordance with 5 U.S.C. § 552a(o)(1)(K).

XII. Duration, Modification, and Termination of the Agreement

A. Duration

1. This Agreement is effective from January 1, 2025 (Effective Date) through June 30, 2026 (Expiration Date). *[If the Tribal Entity signs the CMA after the effective date already provided, please provide an updated effective date. The expiration date will not change.]*
2. In accordance with the CMPPA, SSA will: report the proposal to re-establish this matching program to the Congressional committees of jurisdiction and OMB in accordance with 5 U.S.C. § 552a(o)(2)(A) and OMB Circular A-108 (December 23, 2016), and publish notice of the matching program in the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. § 552a(e)(12).
3. Within 3 months before the Expiration Date, the SSA DIB may, without additional review, renew this Agreement for a period not to exceed 12 months, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 552a(o)(2)(D), if:
 - the applicable data exchange will continue without any change; and
 - SSA and the Tribal Entity certify to the DIB in writing that the applicable data exchange has been conducted in compliance with this Agreement.
4. If either SSA or the Tribal Entity does not wish to renew this Agreement, it must notify the other party of its intent not to renew at least 3 months prior to the Expiration Date.

B. Modification

Any modification to this Agreement must be in writing, signed by both parties, and approved by the SSA DIB.

C. Termination

The parties may terminate this Agreement at any time upon mutual written consent of both parties. Either party may unilaterally terminate this Agreement upon 90 days advance written notice to the other party; such unilateral termination will be effective 90 days after the date of the notice, or at a later date specified in the notice.

SSA may immediately and unilaterally suspend the data flow or terminate this Agreement if SSA determines, in its sole discretion, that the Tribal Entity has violated or failed to comply with this Agreement.

XIII. Reimbursement

In accordance with section 1106(b) of the Act, the Commissioner of SSA has determined not to charge the Tribal Entity the costs of furnishing the electronic data from the SSA SORs under this Agreement.

XIV. Disclaimer

SSA is not liable for any damages or loss resulting from errors in the data provided to the Tribal Entity under any IEAs governed by this Agreement. Furthermore, SSA is not liable for any damages or loss resulting from the destruction of any materials or data provided by the Tribal Entity.

The performance or delivery by SSA of the goods and/or services described herein and the timeliness of said delivery are authorized only to the extent that they are consistent with proper performance of the official duties and obligations of SSA and the relative importance of this request to others. If for any reason SSA delays or fails to provide services, or discontinues the services or any part thereof, SSA is not liable for any damages or loss resulting from such delay or for any such failure or discontinuance.

XV. Points of Contact

The parties may update the points of contact by written notification throughout the life of this Agreement.

A. SSA Point of Contact**Regional Office**

Name, Title

Office/Branch

Street Address

City, State Zip Code

Phone: Number/Fax: Number

Email: Address

B. Tribal Entity Point of Contact

Name, Title

Office/Branch

Street Address

City, State Zip Code

Phone: Number/Fax: Number

Email: Address

XVI. SSA and Data Integrity Board Approval of Model CMPPA Agreement

The signatories below warrant and represent that they have the competent authority on behalf of SSA to approve the model of this CMPPA Agreement.

Electronic Signature Acknowledgement: The signatories may sign this document electronically by using an approved electronic signature process. By signing this document electronically, the signatory agrees that the signature they provide has the same meaning and legal validity and effect as a handwritten signature.

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

Michelle L. Christ
Deputy Executive Director
Office of Privacy and Disclosure
Office of the General Counsel

Date

I certify that the SSA Data Integrity Board approved the model of this CMPPA Agreement.

Matthew D. Ramsey
Chair
SSA Data Integrity Board

Date

XVII. Authorized Signatures

The signatories below warrant and represent that they have the competent authority on behalf of their respective party to enter into the obligations set forth in this Agreement.

Electronic Signature Acknowledgement: The signatories may sign this document electronically by using an approved electronic signature process. By signing this document electronically, the signatory agrees that the signature they provide has the same meaning and legal validity and effect as a handwritten signature.

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

[Name]
Regional Commissioner
[Region]

Date

[NAME OF TRIBAL ENTITY]

[Name of Signatory]
[Title]

Date